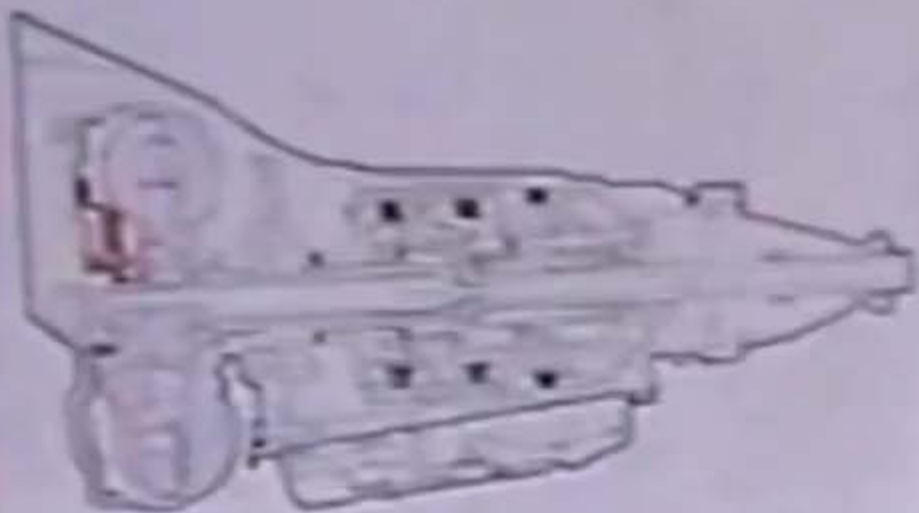


Science Stories

**Training Your Scientists
To Share Their Passion**

CATALYTIC CONVERTER





SCIENCEWRITERS 2013

Gainesville, Florida



- **Finding Your Message**
- **Creating an Unforgettable Presentation**
- **Improv for Scientists**
- **Working with the News Media**
- **Working with Policy Makers**
- **Using Digital Media**
- **Honing The Presentation**

Why Some Ideas Survive and Others Die...

MADE to STICK

Chip Heath & Dan Heath

Finding Your Message

“Once we know something, we find it hard to imagine what it was like not to know it. Our knowledge has cursed us. And it becomes difficult for us to share our knowledge with others, because we can’t readily re-create our listener’s state of mind.”

Chip & Dan Heath

Improv for Scientists



THE UNIVERSITY OF
CHICAGO

Improv for Scientists



Working with the Media



“In the wrap-up, one of the participants noted that every scientist and grad student at UF should have the opportunity to participate in this kind of training.”

Ann Christiano

Professor of Public Relations

Working with Policy Makers



Using Digital Media

Exploring SPACE

Plant Biology – ISS experiments with University of Florida scientists

MONDAY, JUNE 2, 2014

CARA at GRC

The GRC featured image of the day: How Does This Garden Grow? [click here](#)

Posted by Robert Ferl at 3:10 PM

No comments:

 Recommend this on Google

SATURDAY, MAY 31, 2014

CARA – it's a wrap.

Yesterday we traveled to KSC to retrieve the CARA samples that were harvested to orbit, along with their comparable ground controls. The plants were harvested by Steve Swanson to KSC Fixation Tubes (KFTs) filled with "RNALater" – a solution that preserves the plants and genetic material in the state they were in on orbit for our later study on Earth.



SPACE BIOLOGY

University of Florida plant molecular biologists [Robert Ferl](#) and [Anna-Lisa Paul](#) lead a team focused on growing plants in space environments. Join them as they study plants currently on the International Space Station.

EXPERIMENT PATCHES

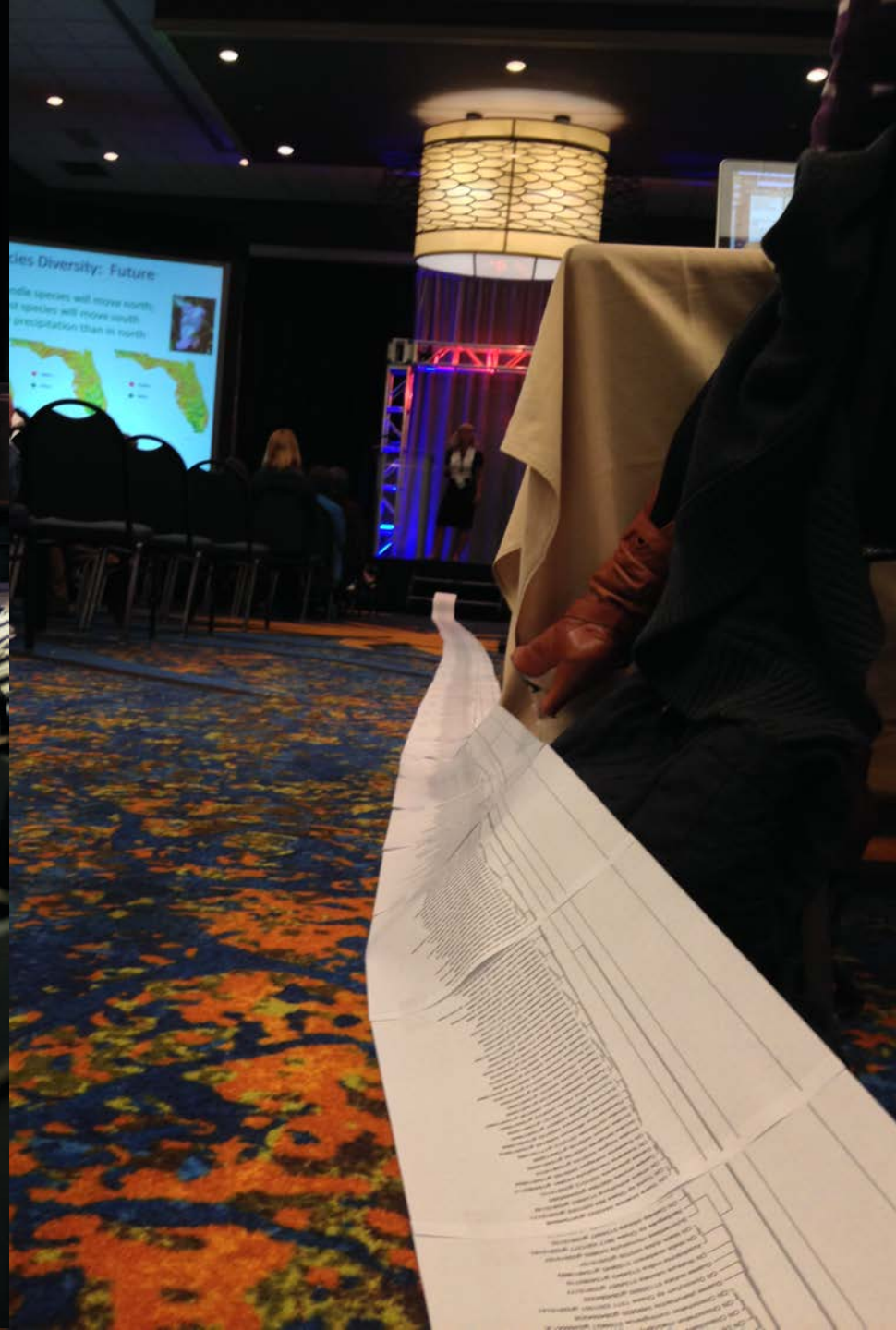


@ISS_CASIS

Tweets

-  **Ryan L. Kobrick, PhD** 19 Jun
@RyInSpace
Thank you @astrosociety @ISS_CASIS @NASA for your hard work making #ISSRDC a great event! As @planetlabs said, we are in a space renaissance!
Expand
-  **Michelle Ham** 19 Jun
@spacechelle
I've had a blast hanging with my buddies from @ISS_CASIS this week. Great peeps! Looking forward 2 next event w/them!
pic.twitter.com/gbWKF40FP1







The tree of lice and the
tree of life: Tales of
evolution and symbiosis
written in one parasite's gut

David L. Reed, Curator,
Florida Museum of Natural History,
University of Florida
DLRED@UFL.EDU

CASW Council for the
Advancement
of Science Writing



Lice Reveal Clues to Human Evolution

By Wynne Parry, LiveScience Contributor | November 07, 2013 12:55pm ET

336

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The nit of a head louse.
Credit: CDC [View full size image](#)

GAINESVILLE, Fla. — Clues to human evolution generally come from fossils left by ancestors and the molecular trail encoded in the human genome as it is tweaked over generations. However, some researchers are looking to another source: the bloodsucking louse.

Lice have been closely associated with humans for millennia; in

spite of human attempts to get rid of the parasites, their persistence has made them a potential reservoir of information for those who want to know [more about human evolution and history](#), said David Reed, associate curator of mammals at the Florida Museum of Natural History, on Sunday (Nov. 3) here at the ScienceWriters2013 conference.

"When we went through our evolutionary history, we didn't do it by ourselves — we took a whole bunch of passengers with us," Reed said.

Clues from the bloodsucking hitchhikers, for instance, suggest modern humans intermingled with Neanderthals (a theory also supported by other genetic research) and that humans may have first put on clothing before leaving Africa.

Parasitic passengers with a story

Like family members on the same road trip, these passengers — otherwise known as parasites, including lice — can offer differing versions of the adventure, filling in gaps in other accounts, Reed said. He and colleagues have been looking to lice genomes to do just that. [\[The 10 Most Diabolical and Disgusting Parasites\]](#)

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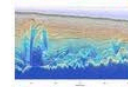
Most Popular



In Photos: Remains of Epidemic Found in Ancient Egypt



In Photos: Mission to 2,000-Year-Old Antikythera Shipwreck



'Jellyroll' Ice Sculptures Discovered Under Greenland Ice Sheet



In Photos: Fish-Eating Spiders Around the World



Deep-Diving 'Exosuit' Lets Scientists Explore 2,000-Year-Old



“I was blown away by how much I learned in the first hour of the workshop. Every session was filled with excellent concepts, from techniques to philosophy to organization and content. I have incorporated lessons learned into every interaction with the media and definitely in talks for lay audiences.”

Kevin Folta
Professor of Horticultural Sciences



“For me, the Science Communications Academy was a game changer ... this experience changed fundamentally my approach to both giving seminars and communicating with the public. More importantly, the presentations I have given since my participation have been strikingly more effective.”

*Anna-Lisa Paul
Associate Professor of
Horticultural Sciences*



“Thank you for organizing the Science Communication Academy and working so hard to help us hone our skills to effectively communicate science to a diverse audience. My participation has not only made me a more effective communicator, it has made interacting with the media and fun and engaging experience!”

Marc Branham
Associate Professor of Entomology

Logistics

- Science Communications Academy sessions can be organized over the course of a few months, in a single week, or over two weekends. We conduct them in a flexible format that works for people at any skill level.
- Each session can accommodate up to 30 people.
- Budget (per cohort)
 - \$4,000 Honoraria
 - \$3,000 Facilities
 - \$1,500 Supplies and Meals

Next Steps

Partnering with UF Foundation to conduct similar training for faculty targeted to interface with potential donors.

Bananas no ... as

Atlant Bier, Simp

A new kind of fungus destroy banana plants and could drastically change our diet.

... of the ...
... the ...

Cassava is the most widely grown food crop in the world. Its global production amounts to 45 million tonnes per year. And the appetite for it is huge.

